# Summary of UNIX commands

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This is a summary of UNIX commands available on most UNIX systems.

Depending on the configuration, some of the commands may be unavailable on your site. These commands may be a commercial program, freeware or public domain program that must be installed separately, or probably just not in your search path. Check your local documentation or manual pages for more details (e.g. man programname).

This reference card, obviously, cannot describe all UNIX commands in details, but instead I picked commands that are useful and interesting from a user's point of view.

Most of the commands described in this reference card are explained in my UNIX and Internet book which is written in "Bahasa Indonesia" )Indonesian language.)

Rahardjo, Budi (1994), *Buku Pegangan* Sistem Unix dan Internet, Bellingham, WA: OpenPathways, xiv+251pp. Comb-bound, ISBN 1-885130-11-2.

This book is available only by mail order. Send inquiry to Marina Schneider mschneid@prairienet.org

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# **Conventions**

#### bold

represents program name

#### dirname

represents directory name as an argument

### filename

represents file name as an argument

## [dirname]

optional directory name (or other optional argument) as argument. If it is no given, current directory will be used.

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# 1. Directory and file commands

#### bdf

display disk space (HP-UX). See also **df**.

#### cat filename

display the content of file filename

## cd [dirname]

change directory to *dirname*. If *dirname* is omitted, change to your home directory.

## **cp** *source destination*

copy file source into file destination.

## df [dirname]

display free disk space. If dirname is omitted, display all available disks. The output maybe in blocks or in Kbytes. Use **df-k** in Solaris 2.x

#### dtree

(visually) display directory structure

du [dirname]

display disk usage.

## less filename

display *filename* one screenful. A pager similar to (better than) more.

## Is [dirname]

list the content of directory *dirname*. Options:

-a display hidden files

-l display in long format

#### mkdir dirname

make directory dirname

#### more filename

view file *filename* one screenfull at a time

#### mv oldname newname

rename file *oldname* to file *newname*. If *newname* is a directory, then move *oldname* into directory *newname*.

# **pg** filename

view *filename* one screenfull at atime (a pager).

#### pwd

print working directory

#### rmdir dirname

remove directory *dirname* (if *dirname* is empty).

rm file1 [file2 ...]

remove files file1, file2, etc.

rm -r dirname

remove *dirname* recursively, removing all files and subdirectories underneath *dirname*.

#### xless

an X window pager (named after less)

# 2. Print-related commands

lp

print a file (HP-UX, Solaris 2.x)

## lpq [-Pprintername]

query printer queue of the default printer. If *printername* is given, will query printer *printername*. (BSD, SunOS, Linux)

## lpr [-Pprintername] filename

print *filename* (send *filename* to the default printer). If printername is given, will send to *filename* to *printername*. (BSD, SunOS, Linux)

## **lprm** [-Pprintername] jobnum

remove printing job number *jubnum* from printer *printername*. (BSD, SunOS, Linux)

#### lpstat

check printer status (HP-UX, Solaris 2.x)

# 3. Miscellaneous commands

env

print or alter environment variables

#### hostname

display host name

## man topic

display on-line manual on topic.

#### screen

create multiple screen with one physical screen. This program is useful if you have a text-only (e.g. vt100) terminal. Move around with *control-A*.

#### uname

print system name

#### users

display all users on-line

#### $\mathbf{w}$

check who is doing what

#### which commandname

show the location of commandname

#### who

who is on-line on this machine

# 4. Process management

#### kill SIGNUM PID

Send signal *SIGNUM* to process ID *PID*, or kill (terminate) process with process ID number *PID*. For example:

#### kill -HUP 5555

#### nice programname

run program *programname* with lower priority (nicer to other users).

Recommended for running background processes.

ps

check processes. The options for this command depends on the version and variation of your UNIX. Check your local documentation.

top

show (continuously) what process(es) is running.

# 5. File archive and compression

## compress filename

make *filename* smaller (compression). *filename* will be replaced by *filename.Z* (a .Z extension is added).

## gunzip filename.gz

expand *filename.gz* into its original form (size) and remove the *.gz* extension. This is GNU unzip.

# gzip filename

compress *filename* with GNU zip (gzip) and add .gz extension

mt

magnetic tape control program.

tar

combine files into one tar file, or extract files from a tar file. A tar file could be a device (magnetic tape as /dev/rst0) or a plain file.

To extract *filename.tar*tar xyf filename.tar

To combine all files under dirname into filename.tar:

tar cvf filename.tar dirname

### uncompress filename.Z

expand *filename.Z* into its original size and remove the .Z extension

unarj filename.arj

exteract files from an ARJ archive

unzip filename.zip

extract files from *filename.zip*. The reverse of zip command.

**zip** zipname files

create an archive file (and compress it) called *zipname.zip* which contains *files*.

#### **M**TOOLS

There is a set of commands to access MS-DOS disks on systems equipped with floppy disk. Most DOS file commands are available (prefixed with "m"): mcopy, mdel, mdir, mmd, mtype, etc.

# 6. Text editors

asWedit

HTML editor

axe

a simple X window text editor

ee

easy edit: emacs with a help menu

elvis

a vi clone

emacs

start emacs. A more extensive documentation is available on-line. Reference card for GNU emacs is also available from FSF GNU emacs distribution.

ied

jed text editor

joe [filename]

a WordStar-like editor

nedit

a Motif-based text editor

pico

a simple text editor distributed as part of **pine** 

sqhm

SoftQuad's HoTMetaL HTML editor.

textedit [filename]

OpenWindow's text editor

vi [filename]

vi editor

vile [filename]

a vi-clone

vim [filename]

a vi-clone

xcoral

a multiwindow X window text editor that can be used to browse C functions and C++ classes.

xedit

a simple X window text editor

xemacs

X window Emacs (formerly Lucid Emacs)

# 7. Mail Programs

biff

notify new mail has arrived

elm

read and/or compose e-mail.

fastmail

quick batch mail (part of Elm)

from

list senders of mails in your mailbox

frm [foldername]

similar to **from**, but has a better output. If *foldername* is present, it will list senders in folder *foldername* instead your incoming mailbox. This program is distributed as part of the **elm** package.

mail [userid]

read mail. If *userid* is given in the command line, it will be used in compose mode. After done, mail will be sent to *userid* 

mailtool

OpenWindows mail program

mush

mail user shell. Similar to **mail**, but has a better user interface.

newmail

notify new mail has arrived (part of elm package)

pine

mail reader and composer.

xwafemail

X window interface of mail written in wafe+perl.

There are also other e-mail packages, such as MH, which come with their own commands. For example, MH has the following commands (and more):

inc

incorporate mail into inbox folder.

scan

scan mailbox/folder

show

show current selected e-mail.

emacs, for example has its own mail reader M-x rmail and also M-x mh, within emacs window.

# 8. Usenet news

knews

interactive X window-based news reader

nn

read news with **nn** (NoNews is good news.) Can be used to read through NNTP or spool.

nntidy

cleanup or tidy your .newsrc

rn

read news with rn.

slrn

NNTP-based newsreader (can display color ANSI).

tin

newsreader

trn

threaded rn newsreader

xrn

X window-based news reader

**xvnews** 

Xview-based newsreader

xwafenews

X window-based newsreader written in wafe+perl

# 9. File transfer and remote access

bftp

batch FTP

ftp hostname

Using the **ftp** prgram to perform FTP to/from host *hostname*.

ftptool

X-window (xview) based FTP prgram

kermit

send or receive files with kermit protovol.

kermit -s filename to send filename kermit -r filename to receive filename

#### minicom

communication package similar to Procomm

ncftp hostname

a user-friendly FTP program

rlogin hostname [-l userid]

remote login to host *hostname*. If -l userid is given, will login as userid

rsh hostname

remote shell to host hostname

rz

receive (upload) files with zmodem

seyon

X window communication package

sz [-r] files

send (download) files with zmodem

telnet hostname [portnum]

connect to *hostname* with telnet. If *portnum* is specified, connect to port *portnum*. (Usually *portnum* is required if you want to connect to various services such as IRC or MUD.)

xc

xcomm communication package

xftp

X-window interface to FTP

# 10. X window

openwin

start OpenWindows

startx

start X window

# Window manager

The following programs (window managers) are usually started when you type **openwin** or **startx**. It is usually in your .xinitrc file.

fvwm

feeble window manager

mwm

Motif window manager

olvwm

OpenLook virtual window manager

olwm

OpenLook window manager

twm

tab window manager

# X window programs

filemgr

OpenWindows file manager

oclock

display clock

xcalc

calculator

xclock

display clock

xfm

file manager

xlock

lock your screen

xodo

odometer, track the distance your mouse travel

xterm

a terminal or shell session

# 11. Graph, Plot, and Image Processing Tools

coreldraw

start CorelDraw (commercial drawing program)

corelpaint

start Corel Paint program (a commercial painting program)

ghostview

a front-end of ghostscript (gs).

giftrans

converts GIF image to transparant GIF.

gimp

image processing tool/drawing program with filters (plug-ins) to manipulate image.

gnuplot

a freeware plotting program capable of plotting 2D and 3D plots. It supports a wide variety of output formats.

gs

Ghostscript, a PostScript previewer. It can also be used to convert PostScript into other graphic formats.

pageview

preview PostScript file

ps2epsi file.ps [file.epsi]

create Adobe's Encapsulated PostScript Interchange (EPSI) format from a postscript file.

psselect infile [outfile]

select pages from a PostScript file.

pstoedit

converts PostScript to tgif format for editing

rplot

plot 2-D data

sxpm

show an XPM (X Pixmap) image.

tgif

an X window drawing tool. It can produce various output formats, including PostScript.

xfig

an X window drawing tool capable of producing fig output

xgraph

a simple X window graphing program able to produce a bar graph.

 ${\bf xloadimage}\ file name$ 

image previewer

xpaint [filename]

X window painting program, undrestands various image format including GIF

xv [files]

image previewer and manipulation tools for X window. It supports various formats, including GIF, BMP, TIFF, and PostScript.

# 12. Information Systems

archie

search the Archie database for anonymous FTP sites

arena

X-window WWW-browser which understands HTML 3.0.

chimera

X-window WWW-browser

gopher

a Gopher client

hotjava

WWW browser that understands *Java* language

hypermail

converts mail into HTML

hytelnet

access various libraries on the Internet

lynx

a text-based WWW-browser

Mosaic

NCSA X window WWW-browser

netscape

a WWW browser (X window) with a built in threaded newsreader

sgopher

a simple Gopher client, supports dumb terminal

swais

a text-based WAIS client

tkwww

Tk-based WWW browser

willow

a library, Z39.50 and WWW browser

xarchie

X-window interface of archie

xgopher

X-window gopher client

**xmosaic** 

X-window WWW-browser

xwais

X-window WAIS client

# 13. Networking programs

finger userid@hostname

check information of *userid* at host *hostname* 

host domainname

find information about domainname, such as its MX record or IP address

irc

Internet Relay Chat, a multi-user chat. Beware, addictive!

lpmudr

an LP MUD client. Beware, addictive!

nslookup

query information about a specific host through a domain name server. For example you can find IP address of a machine, MX record of a domain

ping hostname

check if host hostname is alive

rup [hostname]

show status of local machines. Of *hostname* is given, only check that *hostname* 

talk useri@hostname

talk to userid at host hostname

tf

Tiny Fugue, a MUD client

traceroute hostname

tracing IP packet from this host to hostname

write userid

write to userid screen/session

zlocate userid

use Zypher to locate userid (where or which machine the user logs on)

zwrite userid

send a personal message to *userid* through zypher.

14. Programming tools and shells

acc [files]

Sun's ANSI C compiler

bash

Born again shell. A  ${\it sh}$  clone, but better

bison

a GNU implementation of yacc

byacc

Berkeley yacc

cc

C compiler

CC

Sun's C++ compiler

cpp

C language preprocessor

csh

C-shell

dbx

a debugger program

dbxtool

X window interface to dbx

f77

FORTRAN compiler

flex

GNU implementation of lex

g77

GNU Fortran compiler

g++

GNU C++ compiler

gawk

GNU awk

gcc

GNU C compiler

gcl

**GNU Common Lisp** 

gdb

GNU debugger

gofer

a Haskell implementation

grep pattern file(s)

search for a string, pattern, or regular expression in file(s)

imake

C preprocessor interface to the **make** command. Usually it uses file **Imakefile**.

kcl

Kyoto Common Lisp

ksh

Korn shell

lex tclsh GNU troff lexical analyzer generator Tcl shell, a Tcl interpreter gxditview display gtroff output files under X lint tcsh verify a C program teshell, a csh compatible shell window. but better m4 ispell filename macro language processor interactive spelling program tgrind reformat source code to make it make latex filename.tex pretty for printout maintain, update, compile, and process filename.tex with LaTeX and regenerate related files by a set of wish generate filename.dvi (a DVI file) rules defined in file Makefile. a simple windowing shell, a tk/tcl lout implementation a layout or typesetting program nm print name list of object file xcl mp ANSI C compiler for AIX format text, mail, news into a nice. pc pascal compiler yacc PostScript output. parsing program generator. nroff filename perl Generate C code from a grammar Practical Extraction and Reporting process filename with nroff Language, a powerful programming zsh psnup and scripting language Z shell manipulate PostScript file to have *n* pages on one side prolog 15. Text processors, typesetters, a Prolog system and previewers pstops rcs manipulate PostScript files to produce 2-up, 4-up, booklet, rotate resource / version control a2ps and many other functions. converts ASCII to PostScript SCCS source code control system spell filename grodvi spell the contents of *filename* convert troff to TeX DVI sed stream editor tex filename.tex groff TeX document processing and GNU \*roff sh typesetting. Bourne shell grops troff filename convert troff to PostScript sml process filename with troff New Jersey Standard ML gtroff

**xdvi** filename.dvi

preview DVI file (filename.dvi)

**xtex** *filename.dvi* 

preview filename.dvi

# 16. Wordprocessors

ez

Andrew Toolkit wordprocessor (free).

imaker

start an international version of FrameMaker

maker

start FrameMaker

tps

start Interleaf

wp

start Word Perfect

# 17. Spreadsheets

oleo

**GNU** spreadsheet

 $\mathbf{sc}$ 

spreadsheet calculator

xspread

X window version of sc

# 18. Databases

isql

connect to Sybase server

jinx

a curses, perl-based database

sybperl

access Sybase server with **perl** (script).

dbflst, dbfget, dbfadd, dbfdel, dbfpack, dbfcreat, dbfscan

DBF package to access DBF-format file (usually generated by xbase program), developed by Brad Eacker <br/><br/>beaker@sgi.com>